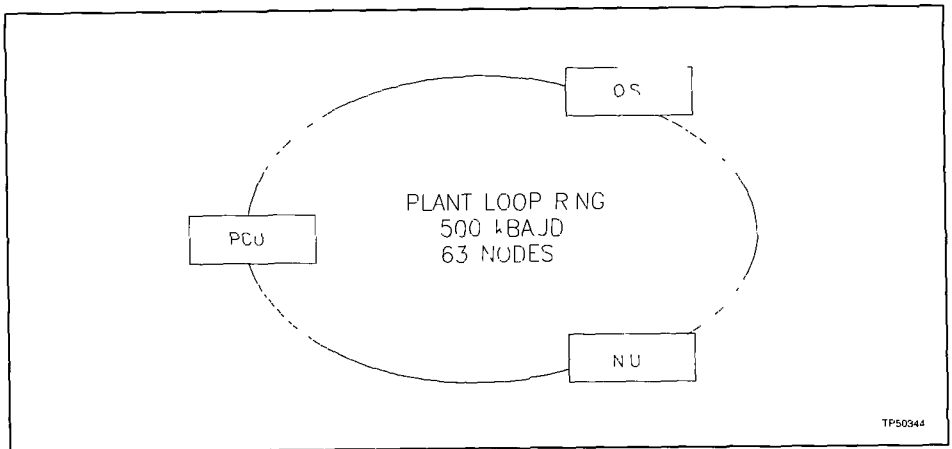


Bailey[®] infi 90[®]

Specification

E96-650

Plant Loop Communication System



Features

- Plant Loop provides a plant-wide communication highway
- 500 k baud data rate provides timely information exchange
- Multiple self-check features including positive message acknowledgment and cyclical redundancy checks for data integrity
- All master system using store and forward techniques requires no traffic director

Introduction

Plant Loop is a high speed serial communication highway that allows 90 modules to share the Plant Loop ring supports up to 63 nodes. Each node can be up to 2,000 meters from the next node. A Plant Loop ring may interface to other Plant Loop rings or act as a sub loop ring to the INFI-NET Communication Network.

Except on reporting and store and forward communication methods provided for information transfer. These methods ensure response time and increase data throughput. With Except on Reporting only data that changes in the process is sent to the loop.

Plant Loop provides multiple interfaces to accommodate different node types. These interfaces use state of the art 90 modules. **Table 1** lists the Plant Loop modules for each interface.

TABLE 1 Plant Loop Modules

PROCESS CONTROL UNIT INTERFACE

Interface	Modules	Hardware Description
PCU	NL M03 NB M02	Loop Interface Module Bus Interface Module

PLANT LOOP TO COMPUTER INTERFACE (01)

Interface	Modules	Hardware Description
NPC 01	NL M03 NS M01 NPTM01	Loop Interface Module Serial Interface Module Point Table Module

PLANT LOOP TO COMPUTER INTERFACE (02)

Interface	Modules	Hardware Description
NPC 02	NL M03 NBTM01 NPCT01	Loop Interface Module Bus Transfer Module Plant Loop to Computer Transfer Module

PLANT LOOP TO PLANT LOOP REMOTE INTERFACE

Interface	Modules	Hardware Description
NPPR01	NLIM03 NBTM01 NPPT01	Loop Interface Module Bus Transfer Module Plant Loop to Plant Loop Transfer Module

INFI-NET TO PLANT LOOP LOCAL INTERFACE

Interface	Modules	Hardware Description
NPL01	NPT01 NNS01 (2)	Infi-Net to Plant Loop Transfer Module Network Interface Slave

Process Control Unit Interface (PCU)

The Process Control Unit interface (**Figure 1**) has a Loop Interface Module (NL M03) and a Bus Interface Module (INB M02). This interface gives the PCU access to Plant Loop. The LM links the node to Plant Loop. The BM communicates with the master modules via the module bus and maintains the Process Control Unit database.

The BM posts modules for exception reports at a settable point rates up to 4 points/cycle/second. It groups messages with a common destination and then sends one large message to that destination. This method significantly increases data throughput.

The LM and BM do hardware and software security checks continuously. They take the node offline without breaking the loop (this is true for all Plant Loop interfaces) if they find any errors.

Hardware redundancy features two pairs of modules. The primary pair does a system communication function while the secondary pair waits in standby mode. If the primary fails, the secondary comes online without any interruption of process communication or loss of data. **Figure 2** is a block diagram of the redundant structure.

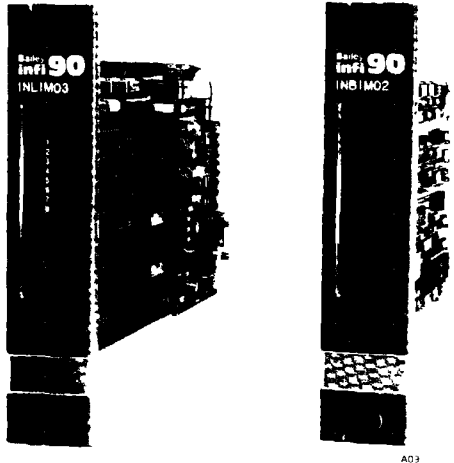
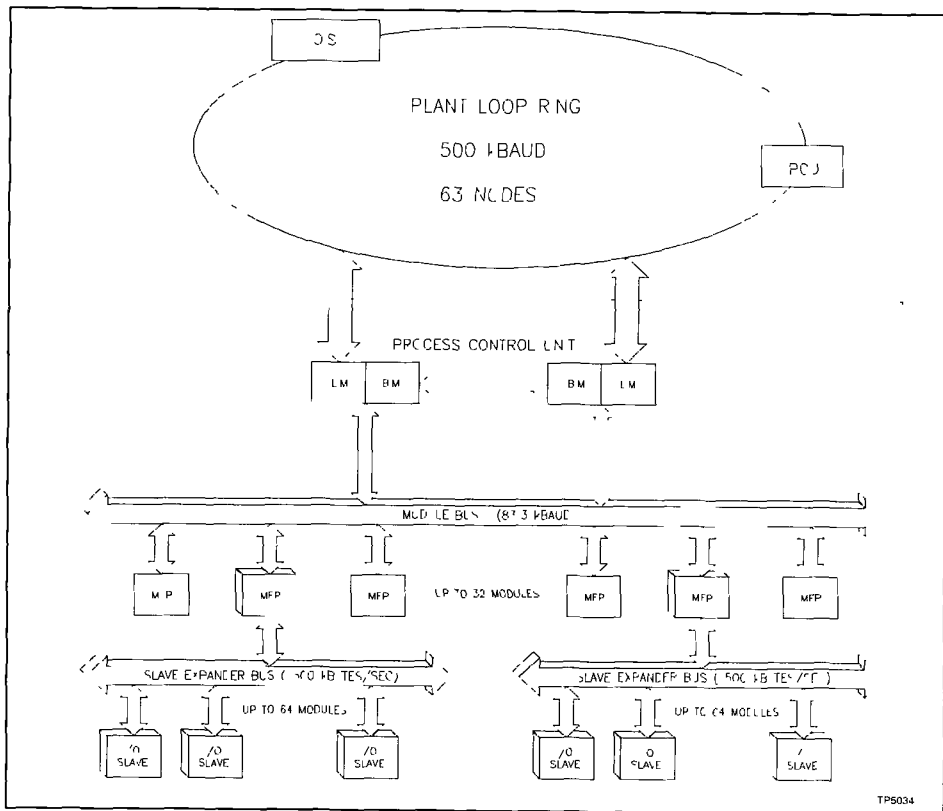


FIGURE 1 Process Control Unit Interface Modules



TP5034

FIGURE 2 Redundant Process Control Unit Interface

Plant Loop to Computer Interface (PCI)

The Plant Loop to Computer interface consists of a Loop Interface Module (INLIM03), a related bus transfer module, and a database module. This interface allows computer access to point data through an RS-232C serial link at rates up to 19.2 kbaud. When the PCI receives a command from the host, it executes the command and then reports back to the host.

Data Acquisition

A database of up to 5,000 points is built in the PC by the host computer. The host uses data acquisition commands to access this database.

Configuration

The PC can download control strategy configurations to NF 90 modules. You can also use the interface to tune and read block outputs from an operator console or host computer.

Process Control

The command sets the host computer change setpoints and control outputs (for analog and digital

process requirements). The PC can supply data values as *except on reports to NF 90 modules*.

Security

The LM and bus transfer modules do continuous hardware and software checks for module security. You can also assign a password to prevent unauthorized configuration changes or data acquisition.

See **Figure 3** for a block diagram representation of the structure.

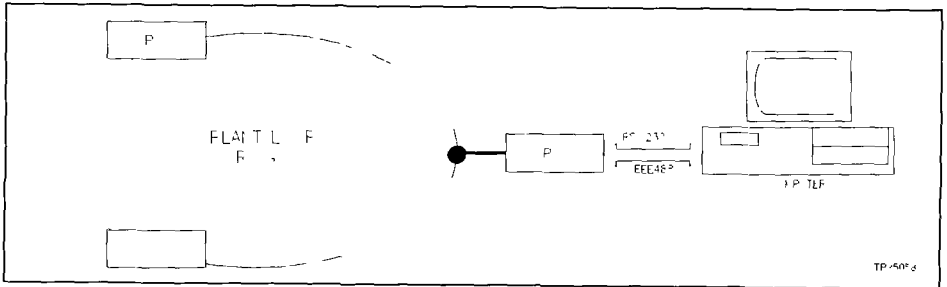


FIGURE 3 Plant Loop to Computer Interface Block Diagram

Plant Loop to Plant Loop Remote Interface (PPR)

The Plant Loop to Plant Loop Remote Interface (PPR) has a Loop Interface Module (LM), Bus Transfer Module (BTM), Plant Loop to Plant Loop Transfer Module (PPT) and related support hardware.

Operation

The Plant Loop to Plant Loop Remote Interface is the communication link between a local loop and one or more remote loops. The local loop uses the PPR to receive analog/digital *except on reports and exercise control*. The PPR has a 5,000 block *except on report data* capacity. Data throughput depends upon point type combinations. Refer to **Table 2** for throughput times.

There are two selectable modes for one-way and two-way control. In one-way control *except on reports* come from up to 32 remote loops to the local loop

The local loop always initiates control and commands in two-way control. The PPR interfaces on any two local loops and supports bidirectional control *except on reports*. See **Figures 4** and **5** for examples of control configurations.

You can link remote Plant Loop rings to a central ring through modems, phone lines, microwave and radio transceivers.

Redundancy

Two separate Gateways are required for redundancy. On start-up, one Gateway acts as the primary, the other as backup. If the primary fails, the backup assumes control immediately without interruption of point control or loss of data.

TABLE 2 Message Throughput

Point Type	Number of Bytes	Time per Point	Points per Second
Station	19	10.4 msec	96
Analog	8	4.7 msec	214
Digital	5	3.1 msec	322
Remote Control Memory (RCM)	7	4.1 msec	241
Remote Manual Set Constant (RMSC)	7	4.1 msec	241
Device Driver	7	4.1 msec	241

NOTE. These figures are estimates. The actual throughput depends on the combinations of the data types sent at a given instant of time.

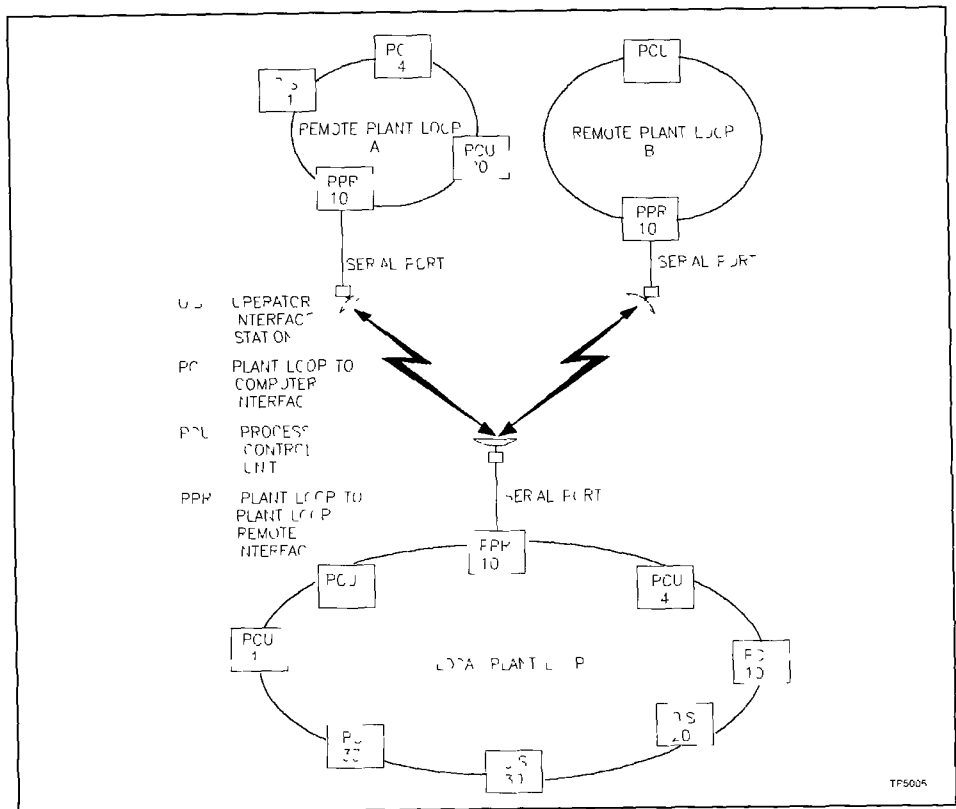


FIGURE 4 One Way Control

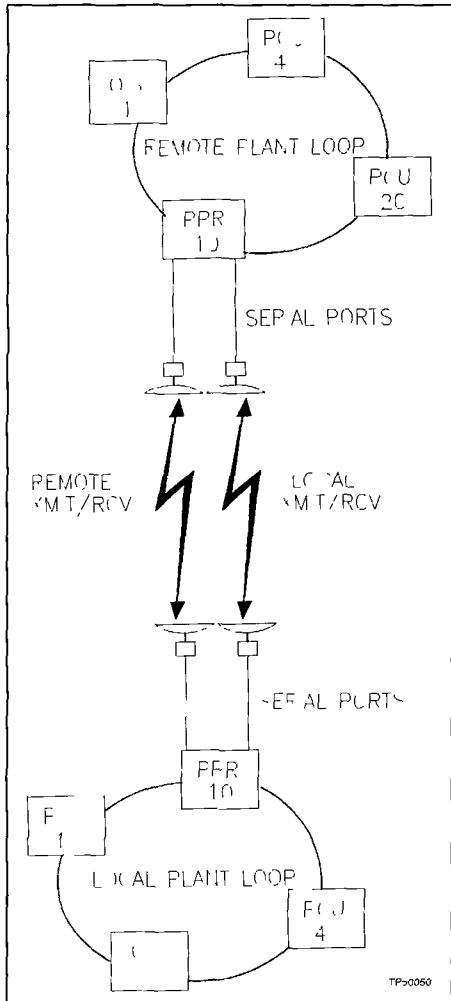


FIGURE 5 Two Way Control

INFI-NET to Plant Loop Local Interface (IPL)

The INFI-NET to Plant Loop Local Interface links one INFI-NET central ring to the Plant Loop. This interface converts data from the central ring so the Plant Loop can recognize it. The Plant Loop to INFI-NET Transfer Module (NPT01) links the NIS module on the Plant Loop to the NIS Module on the INFI-NET ring. The Network Interface Slave emulates a Loop Interface Module on the Plant Loop side of the interface. See Figure 6 for a block diagram representation.

Data Flow

When a NIS receives a message it notifies the PT. The PT acknowledges and receives the message and stores it in its exception report database (random access memory). When the interface receives a message it takes responsibility for that message and verifies that it reaches its destination. Messages include exception reports, configuration data, control data, and system status.

Redundancy

Redundancy uses a duplicate mode of communication between the primary and secondary modules through a serial link. Handshaking occurs on the module bus. The primary PT sends a copy of its database to the secondary. The secondary keeps track of the primary at a time if the primary fails the secondary takes over immediately without interruption.

Trending

Trending is automatic on the INFI-NET side of the Gateway semi-automatic on the Plant Loop side.

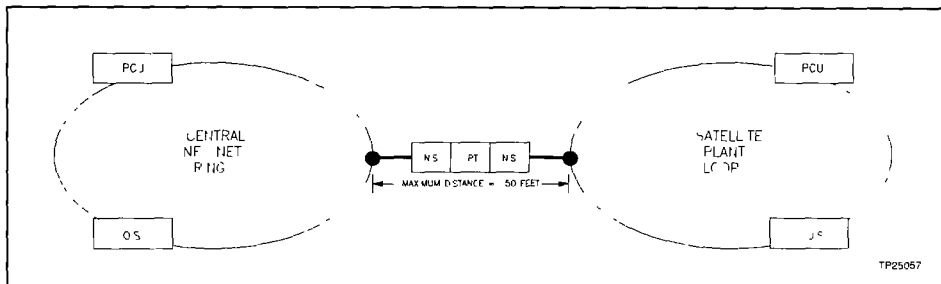


FIGURE 6 INF NET to Plant Loop Local Interface Block Diagram

Related Hardware

Plant Loop to Plant Loop interfaces (PPR), Plant Loop to Computer interface (PCI) and the INF NET to Plant Loop interfaces (IPL) include all terminations, termination mounting units, cables and module mounting units for operation.

Nomenclature	Description
NPC 01	Plant Loop to Computer Interface 500 points RS-232 C serial interface with termination units
INPCI02	Plant Loop to Computer Interface 5 000 points
232H	RS 232 C serial interface with termination modules
232L	RS 232 C serial interface with termination units
-488H	IEEE-488 parallel interface with termination modules
488L	IEEE-488 parallel interface with termination units
NPPR01	Plant Loop to Plant Loop Remote interface 5 000 points
232H	RS 232 C serial interface with termination modules
232L	RS 232 C serial interface with termination units
NPL01	Inf Net to Plant Loop Local interface 5 000 points
H	with termination modules
L	with termination units

The Process Control Unit interface requires the associated hardware:

Terminations	Cables
LIM Termination Unit NTPL01	NKLM01
L M Termination Module NIPL01	NKTM01 or NKTU02
NTPL01/NIPL01 NTPL01/NPL01	NKPL01
Module Mounting Unit EMMU01/02/04	
The L M/BIM each occupy one slot in the MMU	

Specifications

	LIM	BIM/BTM	SIM	PTM	PCT01	PPT01	IPT01
Memory							
RAM (kbytes)	4	16	16	16	512	512	512
ROM (kbytes)	64	256	24	256	256	256	256
Power							
+5 VDC (amps)	2	1 6	2	1 6	6	6 28	6 28
(watts)	10	8	10	8	30	31	31
+15 VDC (mA)	80		35		37	44	44
(watts)	1 2		0 525		0 55	0 66	0 6
15 VDC (mA)	80		30		18	21 6	21 6
(watts)	1 2		0 450		0 27	0 3	0 3
Communication Rates (k obaud)	500		19 2		19 2	19 2	19 2
Communication Ports (RS 232)	—		1		2	2	
	10 MHz		2 MHz		500 KHz		
Communication Rates vs Maximum Cable Distance							
Coaxial Cable	2000 meters (6 562 feet)	4000 meters (13 124 feet)	4000 meters (13 124 feet)		4000 meters (13 124 feet)		
Tw nax Cab e	1000 meters (3 281 feet)	2000 meters (6 562 feet)	2000 meters (6 562 feet)		2000 meters (6 562 feet)		
Maximum Length Difference for Redundant Cables (Tw nax or Coax a)	800 meters (2 625 feet)						
System Capability	63 nodes on P ant Loop Any comb nat on of PCU O S PC PPR PL						
Mounting	Modu es mount n standard NF 90 modu e mount ng un ts						
Environmental	Va ues are not ava abe at th s t me						
E lectromagnet c/Rad o Frequency Interference	Keep cab net doors c osed Do not use commun cat on equ pment any c oser than 2 meters (3 2 feet) from the cab net 0°C to +70°C (32°F to 158°F)						
Amb ent Temperature	0 to 95% up to 55°C (131°F) (non-condens ng)						
Re at ve Hum dty	0 to 45% up to 70°C (158°F) (non-condens ng)						
Atmospher c Pressure	Sea eve to 3 km (1 86 m es)						
Certification	A modu es have been CSA cert f ed for use as process contro equ pment n an ord nary (non hazardous) env rment						

Spec f cat ons Sub ect to Change W thout Notice

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aff ates n over 50 countr es wor dw de contact

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